Computing



Intent

Technology is transforming the lives of everyone, and at Longthorpe Primary School, we intend to support our pupils to navigate the digital world through the teaching of a modern, ambitious and relevant computing curriculum. Our curriculum has been designed to provide pupils with rich and varied opportunities that use a range of resources and media, consolidating and revisiting skills to ensure learning is internalised and retained, thus creating successful, technological learners.

A strong understanding of technology is becoming more vital and influences both pupils' school and home life. We wish to prepare pupils for the future and support them in applying their computational thinking and creativity that will help them to become active participants in the everchanging digital world. It is important to us that the pupils understand how to use technology to express themselves, as tools for learning and as a means to drive their generation forward into the future. We therefore feel it is imperative that pupils leave our school competent in understanding technology, ready for the demands of the KS3 curriculum and beyond, and vitally, with a high level of knowledge of how to keep themselves safe whilst accessing it.

Implementation

Our curriculum is taught via three key themes which ensures that pupils receive a broad and balanced range of experiences and opportunities linked to the computing National Curriculum and provides a core structure to ensure that knowledge and skills can be built upon from unit to unit and year to year. Within these themes are the unit headings which ensure that teaching is linked to specific focus and learning outcome.

Computer Science	Information Technology	Digital Literacy
Systems & Networks Programming	Creating Media Data & Information	E-Safety

We teach our pupils to become creators of technology and not just users. Therefore, our progressive curriculum introduces computational thinking from an early age. Our pupils learn to code using platforms such as Scratch and 2Simple. We also ensure that our curriculum covers the key concepts of algorithms, logic and debugging. We encourage creative problem-solving and computational thinking in cross-curricular activities. To foster our pupils' understanding of various hardware and software systems, we provide hands-on experiences with a range of devices, such as tablets and computers. We teach them how to effectively use productivity tools, conduct research, and present information using digital platforms. We also introduce them to the concepts of networks, data representation, and data security.

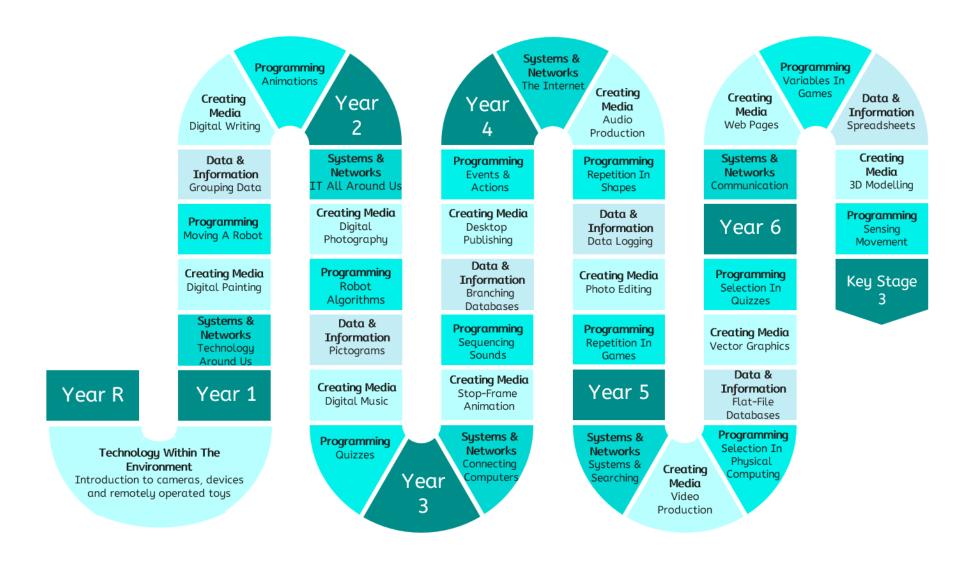
We understand the importance of teaching E-Safety to our pupils and know that being able to keep safe online is a vital skill. Pupils leave Longthorpe as safe and effective users of technology and good cyber-citizens. To enable this, we have designed and developed a well-structured and effective curriculum to explicitly teach E-Safety to pupils on a weekly basis, alongside that of our computing curriculum. It focuses on issues such as online etiquette, cyberbullying, and protecting personal information and also teaches pupils how to evaluate and critically analyse online resources, enabling them to navigate the digital world confidently. The key concepts taught are:

		Health, Wellbeing and Lifestyle	Privacy and Security
Managing Online Information	Online Reputation		
		Online Bullying	Copyright and Ownership
Self- image and Identity	Online Relationships		

The Computing Journey of a Longthorpe Pupil

EYFS	By the end of the EYFS pupils have experienced using technology within their play-based environment. Pupils have been introduced to a range of IT and are developing their skills using devices such as tablets, cameras and recording devices to capture their learning. They have also gained a growing confidence, control and increased language skills through opportunities to use creative apps such as 'Paint' on the interactive board and are becoming confident in controlling remotely operated toys.
KS1	By the end of KS1 pupils understand what algorithms are, how they are implemented and that programs are a sequence of instructions. They are also able to write and test their own simple programs. Upon leaving KS1 pupils are able to organise, store, manipulate and retrieve data in a range of digital formats and can communicate safely and respectfully online. They keep personal information private and are able to recognise common uses of information technology beyond school.
KS2	By the end of KS2 pupils are able to design and write programs that accomplish specific goals and solve problems by breaking them down into smaller parts. They can work with variables and various forms of input and output and predict and test programs. They use logical reasoning to explain how simple algorithms work and detect and correct errors in algorithms and programs. Upon leaving KS2, pupils are able to select, use and combine a variety of software on a range of digital devices to accomplish given goals. They understand how computer networks work and how they can use services, such as the worldwide web; and the opportunities they offer for communication and collaboration. Pupils are able use the internet safely and can describe how Internet search engines find and store data; use them effectively; be perceptive in evaluating digital content; respect individual's property; use technology responsibly, securely and safely.

Units Overview (Computer Science & Information Technology)



Progression of Knowledge and Skills (Computer Science & Information Technology)

Year 1	Computing Systems & Networks	Creating Media	Programming	Data & Information	Creating Media	Programming
	Technology Around Us	Digital Painting	Moving A Robot	Grouping Data	Digital Writing	Programming Animations
Progression Summary	This unit builds upon pupils' experience of technology within their EYFS environment. Learners will build their knowledge of parts of a computer and develop the basic skills needed to effectively use a computer keyboard and mouse. This unit directly precedes the Y2 Computer systems and networks unit, IT around us	pupils' experience of using simple paint tools in EYFS.	experiences of using technological toys within their EYFS environment. This unit progresses learners' knowledge and understanding of giving and following instructions. It moves from giving instructions to each other to giving instructions to a robot by programming it.	learners to data and information. It will introduce learners to the concept of labelling and grouping objects based on their properties. Learners will develop their understanding that objects can be given labels, which is fundamental to their future learning concerning databases and spreadsheets. In addition, learners will begin to improve their ability to use dragging and dropping skills on a device. Following this unit, in year 2, learners will present data graphically	understanding of using	to program a floor robot using instructions.

Year 2	Computing Systems & Networks	Creating Media	Programming	Data & Information	Creating Media	Programming
	IT Around Us	Digital Photography	Robot Algorithms	Pictograms	Digital Music	Programming Quizzes
Progression Summary	This unit progresses learners' understanding of technology and how they interact with it. They will develop this understanding to become familiar with the term information technology and will be able to identify common features of IT. This unit also builds on the learners' understanding of using technology safely and responsibly.	of how photos are captured and can be manipulated for different purposes. Following this unit, learners will develop their photo editing skills in Year 4.	robots and predicting the outcome of a simple program (Year 1). This unit progresses learners' knowledge and understanding of algorithms and how they are implemented as programs on digital devices. Learners will spend time looking at how the order of commands affects outcomes. Learners will use this knowledge and logical	and grouped them based on different properties. Following this unit, Learners will develop their understanding of attributes (properties) using branching databases to structure	In Year 1, learners have had experience of making choices on a tablet/computer, and they should be able to navigate within an application. Learners have also experienced patterns. This unit progresses pupils' knowledge through listening to music and considering how music can affect how we think and feel. Learners will then purposefully create rhythm patterns and music using IT.	This unit progresses learners' knowledge and understanding of instructions in sequences and the use of logical reasoning to predict outcomes.
Year 3	Computing Systems & Networks	Creating Media	Programming	Data & Information	Creating Media	Programming
	Connecting Computers	Stop-Frame Animation	Sequencing Sounds	Branching Databases	Desktop Publishing	Events & Actions In Programs
Progressior Summary	This unit progresses learners' knowledge and understanding of technology by focusing on digital and non-digital	This unit progresses pupils' knowledge and understanding of using digital devices to create media, exploring how	Learners have some prior experience of programming floor robots and using ScratchJr in KS1. This unit explores the concept of	This unit progresses learners' knowledge and understanding of the categories of data handling, with a	This unit progresses learners' knowledge and understanding of using digital devices to combine text and images	This unit builds upon learners programming experiences from KS1 where they have had some experience of

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	devices, and introducing the concept of computers connected together as a network. Following this unit, learners will explore the internet as a network of networks.	frame animations. Following this unit, learners will further develop their video editing skills in Year 5.	will be introduced to a	implementation. It builds on their knowledge of data and information from key stage 1. They	painting, writing and photography	programing. This unit introduces the Scratch programming environment and the concept of sequences.
Year 4	Computing Systems & Networks	Creating Media	Programming	Data & Information	Creating Media	Programming
	The Internet	Audio Production	Repetition In Shapes	Data Logging	Photo Editing	Repetition In Games
Progression Summary	This unit progresses pupils' knowledge and understanding of networks in Year 3. In Year 5, they will continue to develop their knowledge and understanding of computing systems and online collaborative working.	understanding of creating media, by focusing on the recording and editing of sound to produce a podcast. Following this unit, learners will explore	knowledge and understanding of programming. It progresses from the sequence of	collected over time to answer questions. Specifically, it builds on the concept of answering questions with data	learners will further develop their image editing skills in Year 5 – Vector drawing.	This unit assumes that learners will have some prior experience of programming. In KS1 learners cover floor robots and Scratch Jr, and Scratch is introduced in the Year 3.

				Year 6 unit (spreadsheets).		
Year 5	Computing Systems & Networks	Creating Media	Programming	Data & Information	Creating Media	Programming
	Systems & Searching	Video Production	Selection In Physical Computing	Flat-File Databases	Introduction To Vector Graphics	Selection In Quizzes
Progression Summary	KS1. In this unit, learners will develop their understanding of computer systems and how information is transferred between systems and devices. Learners will consider small-scale systems as well as large-scale systems. They will explain the input, output, and process aspects of a variety of different real-world systems.	learners' knowledge and understanding of creating media by guiding them systematically through the process involved in creating a video. The unit builds on the Year 4 unit 'Photo editing' where composition is introduced and the Year 3 unit 'Stop-frame animation' where	Scratch) and their understanding of the concepts of sequence and repetition.	our data. It moves on to demonstrate how a database can help us	links to the Year 3 'Creating media – Desktop publishing' unit, in which learners used digital images. In this Year 5 unit, learners create images that could be used in desktop publishing documents.	This unit builds upon learner's prior experience of programming using block-based construction (e.g. Scratch), their understanding of the concepts of 'sequence' and 'repetition 'and their experience of using 'selection'.
Year 6	Computing Systems & Networks	Creating Media	Programming	Data & Information	Creating Media	Programming
	Communication & Collaboration	Web Page Creation	Variables In Games	Introduction To Spreadsheets	3D Modelling	Sensing Movement

		. •	This unit builds upon	This unit progresses	This unit progresses	This unit builds upon
Summary lear und com onli	derstanding of mputing systems and fine collaborative rking.	understanding of the following: digital writing, digital painting, desktop publishing, digital	of programming in Scratch. Specifically, their knowledge of programming constructs of sequence, repetition, and selection.	understanding of data, and teaches them how to organise and modify data within spreadsheets. Specifically, learners will have experienced data in	understanding of creating 3D graphics using a computer. Prior to undertaking this unit, learners have worked	knowledge and understanding of sequence, repetition and selection independently within programming.

Progression Map (Computer Science & Information Technology)

Year 1	Computing Systems & Networks Technology Around Us	Creating Media Digital Painting	Programming Moving A Robot	Data & Information Grouping Data	Creating Media Digital Writing	Programming Programming Animations
Curriculum objectives	 I can locate examples of technology in the classroom and explain how they help us I can name the main parts of a computer I can switch on and log into a computer I can use a keyboard and mouse effectively I can save and open my work to a file 	and shapes on a	 I can predict the outcome of a command I can run 4 commands and match them to an outcome I can follow and give instructions I can explain what my program should do I can debug and identify several possible solutions 	 I can group, match and count objects and their properties I can choose and describe groups for objects I can describe, match and identify labels for a group of objects I can record my ideas and results 	 identify and find keys on a keyboard I can use a keyboard effectively I can use the tool bar to change the appearance of text 	them together I can use a start block and run my program

	I can identify and discuss rules to keep us safe and healthy when we are using technology in and beyond the home	paper and give my opinions			text and offer my opinion on these	and change and discuss these values I can use more than one sprite and delete them I can create an algorithm for each sprite and add new blocks I can choose appropriate artwork and sprites for my project I can test the programs I have created
Year 2	Computing Systems & Networks IT Around Us	Creating Media Digital Photography	Programming Robot Algorithms	Data & Information Pictograms	Creating Media Digital Music	Programming Programming Quizzes
Curriculum objectives	 I can identify, find, describe and sort examples of IT I can identify that a computer is a part of IT I can identify that some IT can be used in more than one way I can talk about uses of information technology I can recognise common types of 	 I can recognise what devices can be used to take photographs I can talk about how to take a photograph I can explain the process of taking a good photograph I can take photos in both landscape and portrait format and explain my choice 	instructions given by someone else	 I can record data in a tally chart I can represent a tally count as a total I can compare totals in a tally chart I can enter data onto a computer I can use a computer to view data in a different format I can use pictograms to answer simple questions about objects 	 I can describe music, identify simple differences in pieces of music and give my opinion I can create a rhythm pattern I can play an instrument following a rhythm pattern I can explain that music is created and played by humans I can connect images with sounds 	start of a sequence I can identify that a program needs to be started I can show how to run my program I can predict the outcome of a sequence of commands I can match two sequences with the

technology and say why we use them I can demonstrate how IT devices work together I can list different uses of information technology I can talk about different rules for using IT and say how rules can help keep me safe I can use IT for different types of activities and identify the choices I make I can explain the need to use IT in different ways	images can be	difference in outcomes between two sequences that consist of the same instructions I can follow a sequence I can predict the outcome of a sequence I can compare my prediction to the program outcome I can explain the choices that I made for my mat design I can identify different routes around my mat I can test my mat to make sure that it is usable I can explain what my algorithm should achieve	 I can use a tally chart to create a pictogram and explain what it shoes I can tally objects 	to experiment with pitch I can relate an idea to a piece of music I can identify that music is a sequence of notes I can explain how my music can be played in different ways I can refine my musical pattern on a computer I can create a rhythm which represents an animal I've chosen I can create my animal's rhythm on a computer	I can change the outcome of a sequence of commands I can work out the actions of a sprite in an algorithm I can decide which blocks to use to meet the design I can build the sequences of blocks I need I can choose backgrounds and characters for the design I can create a program based on the new design I can choose the images for my own design I can create an algorithm I can build sequences of blocks to match my design I can compare my project to my design I can improve my project by adding features I can debug my program

not be shared

and output devices I can describe a simple process I can design a digital devices I can explain how I use digital devices for different activities I can recognise similarities between using digital devices and using non-digital tools I can suggest differences between using digital devices and using non-digital tools I can suggest differences between using digital devices and using non-digital tools I can describe a similariton/flip book works I can predict what an animation/flip book works I can predict what an animation will look like I can explain why little changes are needed for each frame I can create an effective stop-frame animation I can break down a story into settings, characters and events I can describe a attributes (linked to) I can recognise that commands in Scratch are represented as blocks I can identify that each sprite is controlled by the commands I choose I can create a proup of objects separated by one attribute I can recognise that commands in Scratch are represented as blocks I can explain why little changes are needed for each frame I can create an effective stop-frame animation I can break down a story into settings, characters and events I can select objects into groups of objects within an existing group I can create a proup of objects separated by one attribute I can recognise that commands in Scratch are represented as blocks I can identify that each sprite is controlled by the commands I choose I can create a group of objects separated by one attribute I can select an explain why little changes are needed for each frame I can create an effective stop-frame animation I can break down a story into settings, characters and events I can select objects into groups I can arrange objects into group objects into a tree structure I can arrange objects into group objects into a tree structure I can select objects objects objects objects into a tree structure I can select objects objects objects objects objects objects into a tree structure I can select objec	Year 3 Computing Syste & Networks	Tramming Data & Information Creating Media Programm	ming
digital devices accept inputs and produce outputs I can follow a process I can classify input and output devices I can describe a simple process I can design a digital device I can explain how I use digital devices of different activities I can recognise similarities between using digital devices and using non-digital tools I can suggest differences between using digital devices and using non-digital tools I can suggest differences between using digital devices and using non-digital tools I can describe a I can describe and using non-digital tools I can suggest differences between using digital devices and using non-digital tools I can describe and using non-digital tools I can suggest differences between using digital devices and using non-digital tools I can describe and using non-digital tools I can suggest differences between using digital devices and using non-digital tools I can describe and the device objects in a Scratch project (sprites, backdrops) I can explain that objects in Scratch have attributes (linked to) I can recognise that commands in Scratch are represented as blocks I can explain why little changes are needed for each frame I can explain what and objects in Scratch have attributes (linked to) I can recognise that commands in Scratch are represented as blocks I can identify that each sprite is controlled by the commands I choose I can create an effective stop-frame animation I can create an effective stop-frame animation I can break down a story into settings, characters and events I can explain that objects in Scratch pave attributes (linked to) I can explain that objects in Scratch ave attributes (linked to) I can explain that objects in Scratch have attributes (linked to) I can explain that objects in Scratch are represented as blocks I can character and explain that objects in Scratch are represented as blocks I can explain that objects in Scratch are represented as blocks I can create an explain that objects in Scratch are represented as blocks I can create an explain that objects in			
 I can recognise different connections I can explain how messages are passed through multiple connections I can discuss why we need a network I can recognise achievable on screen I can create a storyboard I can explain that the objects in my project will respond exactly to the code I can create yes/no questions I can create yes/no questions using given attributes 	digital devices accinputs and product outputs I can follow a product outputs I can classify input and output device I can describe a simple process I can design a digit device I can explain how use digital devices different activities I can recognise similarities betwee using digital device and using non-digitools I can suggest differences betwee using digital device and using non-digitools I can recognise I can recognise different connections I can explain how messages are pass through multiple connections I can discuss why the	questions with yes/no answers I can make up a yes/no question about a collection of objects into groups of objects and describes an onlaction for my laction for my attribute areate a program in that ways reate a program in that ways reate a sequence nected and sollar and sollar that the sin my project spond exactly to de xplain what a special ways/no answers I can make up a yes/no question about a collection of objects on about a collection of objects within an about a collection of objects within an attribute with about a collection of objects within an attribute with a with a with the send in a disadvantages and disadvantages of using text and images actions and communicate messages clearly lead to advantages and disadvantages of using text and images actions and communicate messages clearly lead to communicate advantages and disadvantages of using text and images actions and communicate messages clearly lead to improve disadvantages of using text and images actions and communicate messages clearly lead to improve disadvantages of using text and images and communicate messages clearly lead to improve disadvantages of using text and images and communicate messages clearly lead to improve disadvantages of using text and images and communicate messages clearly lead to advantages of using text and images and communicate messages clearly lead to improve disadvantages of using text and images and communicate messages clearly lead to improve disadvantages of using text and images and colours for a given purpose lead text and images and communicate messages clearly lead to improve program in the text and images and colours for a given purpose lead text and images and colours for a given purpose lead text and images and colours for a given purpose lead text and images and advantages of using text and images lead to improve disadvantages of using text and images lead to improve disadvantages of us	p n event on se which e for d explain of sify a way e a se a for my se a n a maze am sing der the when sign se blocks by

	 I can recognise that a computer network is made up of a number of devices I can demonstrate how information can be passed between devices I can explain the role of a switch, server, and wireless access point in a network I can identify how devices in a network are connected together I can identify networked devices around me I can identify the benefits of computer networks 	 I can review a sequence of frames to check my work I can evaluate the quality of my animation I can explain ways to make my animation better I can evaluate another learner's animation I can improve my animation based on feedback I can add other media to my animation I can explain why I added other media to my animation I can evaluate my final film 	 I can combine sound commands I can order notes into a sequence I can build a sequence of commands I can decide the actions for each sprite in a program I can make design choices for my artwork I can identify and name the objects I will need for a project I can relate a task description to a design I can implement my algorithm as code 	similarly sized groups I can independently create questions to	 I can choose the best locations for my content I can paste text and images to create a magazine cover I can make changes to content after I've added it I can identify different layouts I can match a layout to a purpose I can identify the uses of desktop publishing in the real world I can say why desktop publishing might be helpful I can compare work made on desktop publishing to work created by hand 	suitable keys to turn on additional features I can build more sequences of commands to make my design work I can test a program against a given design I can match a piece of code to an outcome
Year 4	Computing Systems & Networks	Creating Media	Programming	Data & Information	Creating Media	Programming
	The Internet	Audio Production	Repetition In Shapes	Data Logging	Photo Editing	Repetition In Games
Curriculum objectives	 I can describe the internet as a network of networks I can demonstrate how information is 	 I can identify the input and output devices used to record and play sound 	 I can program a computer by typing commands 	 I can choose a data set to answer a given question I can suggest questions that can 	 I can improve an image by rotating it I can explain why I might crop an image 	 I can list an everyday task as a set of instructions including repetition

- shared across the internet
- I can discuss why a network needs protecting
- I can describe networked devices and how they connect
- I can explain that the internet is used to provide many services
- I can recognise that the World Wide Web contains websites and web pages
- I can explain the types of media that can be shared on the WWW
- I can describe where websites are stored when uploaded to the WWW
- I can describe how to access websites on the WWW
- I can explain what media can be found on websites
- I can recognise that I can add content to the WWW
- I can explain that internet services can be used to create content online
- I can explain that websites and their

- I can use a computer to record audio
 I can explain that the person who records the sound can say who is allowed to use it
- I can re-record my
 voice to improve my
 recording
 I can inspect the
 soundwave view to
 know where to trim
 my recording
 I can discuss what
 sounds can be added
 to a podcast
 I can explain how
 sounds can be
 combined to make a
 podcast more
- combined to make a podcast more engaging I can save my project so the different parts remain editable I can plan appropriate content for a podcast I can record content following my plan
- I can review the quality of my recordings I can improve my voice recordings
- I can open my project to continue working on it
- I can arrange multiple sounds to

- I can explain the effect of changing a value of a command
- I can create a code snippet for a given purpose
- I can use a template to draw what I want my program to do I can write an
- algorithm to produce a given outcome I can test my algorithm in a text-based

language

- I can identify repetition in everyday tasks
- I can identify patterns in a sequence
- I can use a countcontrolled loop to produce a given outcome
- I can identify the effect of changing the number of times a task is repeated
- I can predict the outcome of a program containing a count-controlled loop
- I can choose which values to change in a loop
- I can identify 'chunks' of actions in the real world
- l can use a procedure in a program

- be answered using a given data set
 I can identify data that can be gathered over time
- l can explain what data can be collected using sensors
- I can use data from a sensor to answer a given question
- I can identify that data from sensors can be recorded
- I can recognise that a data logger collects data at given points
- I can identify the intervals used to collect data
- I can talk about the data that I have captured I can view data at
- I can view data at different levels of detail
- I can sort data to find information I can explain that there are different
- ways to view data
 I can propose a
 question that can be
 answered using
 logged data
- I can plan how to collect data using a data logger

- I can use photo editing software to crop an image I can explain that different colour
- effects make you think and feel different things I can experiment
- with different colour effects I can explain why I

chose certain colour

- effects
 I can add to the
 composition of an
 image by cloning
- I can identify how a photo edit can be improved
- I can remove parts of an image using cloning
- I can experiment with tools to select and copy part of an image
- I can use a range of tools to copy between images
- I can explain why photos might be edited
- I can describe the image I want to create
- I can choose suitable images for my project

- I can predict the outcome of a snippet of code
- I can modify a snippet of code to create a given outcome
- I can modify loops to produce a given outcome
- I can choose when to use a countcontrolled and an infinite loop
- I can recognise that some programming languages enable more than one process to be run at once
 - I can choose which action will be repeated for each object
- I can explain what the outcome of the repeated action should be
- I can evaluate the effectiveness of the repeated sequences used in my program
- I can identify which parts of a loop can be changed
- I can explain the effect of my changes

	content are created by people I can suggest who owns the content on websites I can explain that there are rules to protect content I can explain that not everything on the World Wide Web is true I can explain why some information I find online may not be honest, accurate, or legal I can explain why I need to think carefully before I share or reshare content	create the effect I want I can explain the difference between saving a project and exporting an audio file I can listen to an audio recording to identify its strengths I can suggest improvements to an audio recording I can choose appropriate edits to improve my podcast	 I can explain that a computer can repeatedly call a procedure I can design a program that includes count-controlled loops I can make use of my design to write a program I can develop my program by debugging it 	 I can use a data logger to collect data I can interpret data that has been collected using a data logger I can draw conclusions from the data that I have collected I can explain the benefits of using a data logger 	 I can create a project that is a combination of other images I can review images against a given criterion I can use feedback to guide making changes I can combine text and my image to complete the project 	code snippets on new sprites I can evaluate the use of repetition in a project
Year 5	Computing Systems & Networks	Creating Media	Programming	Data & Information	Creating Media	Programming
	Systems & Searching	Video Production	Selection In Physical Computing	Flat-File Databases	Introduction To Vector Graphics	Selection In Quizzes
Curriculum objectives	I can describe the	 I can explain that video is a visual media format I can identify features of videos I can compare features in different videos I can identify and find features on a 	 I can create a simple circuit and connect it to a microcontroller I can program a microcontroller to make an LED switch on I can explain what an infinite loop does I can connect more than one output 	 I can create a database using cards I can explain how information can be recorded I can order, sort, and group my data cards 	 I can recognise that vector drawings are made using shapes I can experiment with the shape and line tools I can discuss how vector drawings are different from 	 I can recall how conditions are used in selection I can identify conditions in a program I can modify a condition in a program

- communicate with other devices
- I can identify tasks that are managed by computer systems
- I can identify the human elements of a computer system
- I can explain the benefits of a given computer system
- I can make use of a web search to find specific information
- I can refine my web search
- I can compare results from different search engines
- I can explain why we need tools to find things online
- I can recognise the role of web crawlers in creating an index
- I can relate a search term to the search engine's index
- I can order a list by rank
- I can explain that a search engine follows rules to rank results
- I can give examples of criteria used by search engines to rank results
- I can describe some of the ways that search

- digital video recording device I can experiment with different camera angles
 - I can make use of a microphone
 - I can suggest filming techniques for a given purpose
 - I can capture video using a range of filming techniques I can review how
 - effective my video is I can outline the
 - scenes of my video I can decide which
 - filming techniques I will use I can create and save
 - video content I can store, retrieve.
 - and export my recording to a computer
 - I can explain how to improve a video by reshooting and editing
 - I can select the correct tools to make edits to my video
 - I can make edits to my video and improve the final outcome
 - I can recognise that my choices when

- component to a microcontroller I can use a count-
- controlled loop to control outputs I can design sequences
- that use countcontrolled loops I can explain that a condition is either true
- I can design a conditional loop

or false

- I can program a microcontroller to
- respond to an input I can explain that a condition being met
- can start an action I can identify a condition and an action in my project
- I can use selection (an 'if...then...' statement) to direct the flow of a program
- I can identify a realworld example of a condition starting an action
- I can describe what my project will do
- I can create a detailed drawing of my project
- I can write an algorithm that describes what my model will do

- I can explain what a field and a record is in a database
- I can navigate a flatfile database to compare different views of information
- I can choose which field to sort data by to answer a given question
- I can explain that data can be grouped using chosen values
- I can group information using a database
- I can combine grouping and sorting to answer specific questions
- I can choose which field and value are required to answer a given question I can outline how
- 'AND' and 'OR' can be used to refine data selection I can choose multiple
- criteria to answer a given question I can select an
- appropriate chart to visually compare data
- I can refine a chart by selecting a particular filter

- paper-based drawings
- I can identify the shapes used to make a vector drawing I can explain that
- each element added to a vector drawing is an object I can move, resize,
 - and rotate objects I have duplicated I can use the zoom tool to help me add detail to my

drawings

- I can explain how alignment grids and resize handles can be used to improve consistency
- I can modify objects to create a new image
- I can identify that each added object creates a new layer in the drawing
- I can change the order of layers in a vector drawing
- I can use layering to create an image I can copy part of a drawing by
 - duplicating several obiects
- I can recognise when I need to group and ungroup objects

- I can use selection in an infinite loop to check a condition I can identify the condition and outcomes in an 'if...
- then... else...' statement
- I can create a program that uses selection to produce different outcomes
- I can explain that program flow can branch according to a condition
- I can design the flow of a program that contains 'if ... then ... else...'
- I can show that a condition can direct program flow in one of two ways I can outline a given
- task I can use a design
- format to outline my project
- I can identify the outcome of user input in an algorithm
- I can implement my algorithm to create the first section of my program I can test my
- program

	results can be influenced I can recognise some of the limitations of search engines I can explain how search engines make money	making a video will impact the quality of the final outcome I can evaluate my video and share my opinions	 I can use selection to produce an intended outcome I can test and debug my project 	 I can explain the benefits of using a computer to create charts I can ask questions that will need more than one field to answer I can refine a search in a real-world context I can present my findings to a group 	 I can reuse a group of objects to further develop my vector drawing I can create a vector drawing for a specific purpose I can reflect on the skills I have used and why I have used them I can compare vector drawings to freehand paint drawings 	 I can share my program with others I can identify ways the program could be improved I can identify the setup code I need in my program I can extend my program further
Year 6	Computing Systems & Networks	Creating Media	Programming	Data & Information	Creating Media	Programming
	Communication & Collaboration	Web Page Creation	Variables In Games	Introduction To Spreadsheets	3D Modelling	Sensing Movement
Curriculum objectives	data is transferred using agreed methods I can explain that internet devices have addresses I can describe how computers use addresses to access websites I can identify and explain the main parts of a data packet I can explain that data	page layout that	 I can identify examples of information that is variable I can explain that the way a variable changes can be defined I can identify that variables can hold numbers or letters I can identify a program variable as a placeholder in memory for a single value I can explain that a variable has a name and a value I can recognise that the value of a variable can be changed 	 I can suggest how to structure my data I can enter data into a spreadsheet I can explain what an item of data is I can choose an appropriate format for a cell I can apply an appropriate format to a cell I can explain which data types can be used in calculations 	shapes relative to one another I can resize an object in three dimensions	knowledge of programming to a new environment I can test my program on an emulator I can transfer my

- the internet is in packets
- I can recognise how to access shared files stored online
- I can send information over the internet in different ways
- I can explain that the internet allows different media to be shared
- I can identify different ways of working together online
- I can recognise that working together on the internet can be public or private
- I can explain how the internet enables effective collaboration
- I can explain the different ways in which people communicate
- I can identify that there are a variety of ways to communicate over the internet
- I can choose methods of communication to suit particular purposes
- I can compare different methods of

- I can find copyrightfree images
 - I can describe what is meant by the term fair use'

I can add content to

- my own web page
 I can preview what
 my web page looks
 like
- I can evaluate what my web page looks like on different devices and suggest/make edits. I can explain what a
- I can explain what a navigation path is
 I can describe why navigation paths are useful
- I can make multiple
 web pages and link
 them using
 hyperlinks
- I can explain the implication of linking to content owned by others
- I can create
 hyperlinks to link to
 other people's work
 I can evaluate the
 user experience of a
 website

- I can decide where in a program to change a variable
- I can make use of an event in a program to set a variable
- I can recognise that the value of a variable can be used by a program I can choose the
- artwork for my project I can create algorithms for my project
- I can explain my design ochoices
- I can create the artwork for my project
 I can choose a name that identifies the role
- of a variable I can test the code that I have written
- I can identify ways that my game could be improved
- I can use variables to extend my game
- I can share my game with others

- I can identify that changing inputs changes outputs
- changes outputs
 I can calculate data
 using different
 operations
- I can create a formula which includes a range of cells
- I can apply a formula to multiple cells by duplicating it
- I can use a spreadsheet to answer questions
- I can explain why data should be organised I can apply a formula
- to calculate the data
 I need to answer
 questions
 I can produce a
 chart
- I can use a chart to show the answer to a question
- I can suggest when to use a table or chart

- I can group 3D objects
- I can accurately size 3D objects
- I can show that placeholders can create holes in 3D objects
- I can combine a number of 3D objects
- I can analyse a 3D model
- I can choose objects to use in a 3D model
- I can combine objects in a design
- I can construct a 3D model based on a design
- I can explain how my 3D model could be improved I can modify my 3D
- model to improve it

- I can determine the flow of a program using selection
- I can use a condition to change a variable
- I can experiment with different physical inputs
- I can explain that checking a variable doesn't change its value
- I can use an operand (e.g. <>=) in an if, then statement
- I can explain the importance of the order of conditions in else, if statements
- I can modify a program to achieve a different outcome I can decide what variables to include
- I can design the algorithm for my project

in a project

- I can design the program flow for my project
- I can create a program based on my design
- I can test my program against my design

communicating on the internet I can decide when I should and should not share information online			 I can use a range of approaches to find and fix bugs
 I can explain that communication on the internet may not be private 			

Progression Map (Digital Literacy)

	Self-Image & Identity	Online Relationships	Online Reputation	Copyright & Ownership	Online Bullying	Managing Online Information	Privacy & Security	Health, Wellbeing & Lifestyle
EYFS	I can recognise, online or offline, that anyone can say 'no' - 'please stop' - 'l'll tell' - 'l'll ask' to somebody who makes them feel sad, uncomfortable, embarrassed or upset.	I can recognise some ways in which the internet can be used to communicate. I can give examples of how I (might) use technology to communicate with people I know	I can identify ways that I can put information on the internet.	I know that work I create belongs to me. I can name my work so that others know it belongs to me.	I can describe ways that some people can be unkind online. I can offer examples of how this can make others feel	I can talk about how to use the internet as a way of finding information online. I can identify devices I could use to access information on the internet.	I can identify some simple examples of my personal information (e.g. name, address, birthday, age, location). I can describe who would be trustworthy to share this information with; I can explain why they are trusted.	I can identify rules that help keep us safe and healthy in and beyond the home when using technology I can give some simple examples of these rules
Year 1	I can recognise that there may be people online who could make someone feel	I can give examples of when I should ask permission to do something online and explain why this is important.	I can recognise that information can stay online and	I can explain why work I create using technology belongs to me	I can describe how to behave online in ways that do not upset others	I can give simple examples of how to find information using digital technologies, e.g. search engines, voice activated searching.	I can explain how passwords are used to protect information,	I can explain rules to keep myself safe when using technology both in

	sad, embarrassed or upset. If something happens that makes me feel sad, worried, uncomfortable or frightened I can give examples of when and how to speak to an adult I can trust and how they can help.	I can use the internet with adult support to communicate with people I know (e.g. video call apps or services). I can explain why it is important to be considerate and kind to people online and to respect their choices. I can explain why things one person finds funny or sad online may not always be seen in the same way by others. I can explain why it is important to be considerate and kind to people online and to respect their choices. I can explain why things one person finds funny or sad online may not always be seen in the same way by	could be copied. I can describe what information I should not put online without asking a trusted adult first.	I can say why it belongs to me (e.g. 'I designed it' or 'I filmed it").	and can give examples.	I know / understand that we can encounter a range of things online including things we like and don't like as well as things which are real or make believe / a joke. I know how to get help from a trusted adult if we see content that makes us feel sad, uncomfortable, worried or frightened.	accounts and devices. I can recognise more detailed examples of information that is personal to someone (e.g where someone lives and goes to school, family names). I can explain why it is important to always ask a trusted adult before sharing any personal information online, belonging to myself or others.	and beyond the home.
Year 2	I can explain how other people may look and act differently online and offline. I can give examples of issues online that might make someone feel sad, worried, uncomfortable or frightened; I can give examples of how they might get help.	I can give examples of how someone might use technology to communicate with others they don't also know offline and explain why this might be risky. (e.g. email, online gaming, a penpal in another school / country). I can explain who I should ask before sharing things about myself or others online. I can describe different ways to ask for, give, or deny my permission online and can	I can explain how information put online about someone can last for a long time. I can describe how anyone's online information could be seen by others. I know who to talk to if something has	I can recognise that content on the internet may belong to other people. I can describe why other people's work belongs to them	I can explain what bullying is, how people may bully others and how bullying can make someone feel. I can explain why anyone who experiences bullying is not to blame I can talk about how	I can use simple keywords in search engines. I can demonstrate how to navigate a simple webpage to get to information I need (e.g. home, forward, back buttons; links, tabs and sections). I can explain what voice activated searching is and how it might be used, and know it is not a real person (e.g. Alexa, Google Now, Siri).	I can explain how passwords can be used to protect information, accounts and devices. I can explain and give examples of what is meant by 'private' and 'keeping things private'. I can describe and explain some rules for	I can explain simple guidance for using technology in different environments and settings e.g. accessing online technologies in public places and the home environment. I can say how those rules / guides can help anyone accessing online technologies

		identify who can help me if I am not sure. I can explain why I have a right to say 'no' or 'I will have to ask someone'. I can explain who can help me if I feel under pressure to agree to something I am unsure about or don't want to do. I can identify who can help me if something happens online without my consent. I can explain how it may make others feel if I do not ask their permission or ignore their answers before sharing something about them online. I can explain why I should always ask a trusted adult before clicking 'yes', 'agree' or 'accept' online	been put online without consent or if it is incorrect.		anyone experiencing bullying can get help.	I can explain the difference between things that are imaginary, 'made up' or 'make believe' and things that are 'true' or 'real' I can explain why some information I find online may not be real or true.	keeping personal information private (e.g. creating and protecting passwords). I can explain how some people may have devices in their homes connected to the internet and give examples (e.g. lights, fridges, toys, televisions).	
Year 3	I can explain what is meant by the term 'identity'. I can explain how people can represent themselves in different ways online. I can explain ways in which someone might change their identity depending on what they are	I can describe ways people who have similar likes and interests can get together online. I can explain what it means to 'know someone' online and why this might be different from knowing someone offline. I can explain what is meant by 'trusting someone online', why this is different from 'liking someone online', and why it is important to be careful about who to trust online including what	I can explain how to search for information about others online. I can give examples of what anyone may or may not be willing to share about themselves online. I can explain the need to be careful before sharing	I can explain why copying someone else's work from the internet without permission isn't fair and can explain what problems this might cause.	I can describe appropriate ways to behave towards other people online and why this is important. I can give examples of how bullying behaviour could appear online and how someone can get support.	I can demonstrate how to use key phrases in search engines to gather accurate information online. I can explain what autocomplete is and how to choose the best suggestion. I can explain how the internet can be used to sell and buy things. I can explain the difference between a 'belief', an 'opinion' and a 'fact. and can give examples of how and where they might be shared online, e.g. in videos, memes, posts, news stories etc.	I can describe simple strategies for creating and keeping passwords private. I can give reasons why someone should only share information with people they choose to and can trust. I can explain that if they are not sure or feel	I can explain why spending too much time using technology can sometimes have a negative impact on anyone; I can give some examples of both positive and negative activities where it is easy to spend a lot of time engaged I can explain why some online activities have age restrictions, why it is important to

	doing online (e.g. gaming; using an avatar; social media) and why.	information and content they are trusted with. I can explain how someone's feelings can be hurt by what is said or written online, e.g., nervous, uncomfortable or worried. I can explain how someone's feelings can be hurt by what is said or written online. I can explain the importance of giving and gaining permission before sharing things online; how the principles of sharing online is the same as sharing offline e.g. sharing images and videos.	anything personal. I can explain who someone can ask if they are unsure about putting something online.			I can explain that not all opinions shared may be acceptable. I can describe and demonstrate how we can get help from a trusted adult if we see content that makes us feel sad, uncomfortable, worried or frightened as true or fair by others (e.g. monsters under the bed). I can describe and demonstrate how we can get help from a trusted adult if we see content that makes us feel sad, uncomfortable, worried or frightened.	pressured then they should tell a trusted adult. I can describe how connected devices can collect and share anyone's information with others.	follow them and know who I can talk to if others pressure me to watch or do something online that makes me feel uncomfortable (e.g. age restricted gaming or web sites).
Year 4	I can explain how my online identity can be different to my offline identity. I can describe positive ways for someone to interact with others online and understand how this will positively impact on how others perceive them. I can explain that others online can pretend to be someone else, including my friends, and can suggest reasons	I can describe strategies for safe and fun experiences in a range of online social environments (e.g. livestreaming, gaming platforms) I can give examples of how to be respectful to others online and describe how to recognise healthy and unhealthy online behaviours. I can explain how content shared online may feel unimportant to one person but may be important to other people's thoughts feelings and beliefs.	I can describe how to find out information about others by searching online. I can explain ways that some of the information about anyone online could have been created, copied or shared by others.	When searching on the internet for content to use, I can explain why I need to consider who owns it and whether I have the right to reuse it. I can give some simple examples of content which I must not use without permission from the owner, e.g. videos, music, images.	I can recognise when someone is upset, hurt or angry online. I can describe ways people can be bullied through a range of media (e.g. image, video, text, chat). I can explain why people need to think carefully about how content they post might affect others,	I can analyse information to make a judgement about probable accuracy and I understand why it is important to make my own decisions regarding content and that my decisions are respected by others. I can describe how to search for information within a wide group of technologies and make a judgement about the probable accuracy (e.g. social media, image sites, video sites). I can describe some of the methods used to encourage people to buy things online (e.g. advertising offers; inapp purchases, pop-ups) and can recognise some of these when they appear online.	I can describe strategies for keeping personal information private, depending on context. I can explain that internet use is never fully private and is monitored, e.g. adult supervision. I can describe how some online services may seek consent to store information about me; I know how to respond	I can explain how using technology can be a distraction from other things, in both a positive and negative way. I can identify times or situations when someone may need to limit the amount of time they use technology e.g. I can suggest strategies to help with limiting this time.

	why they might do this.				their feelings and how it may affect how others feel about them (their reputation).	I can explain why lots of people sharing the same opinions or beliefs online do not make those opinions or beliefs true. I can explain that technology can be designed to act like or impersonate living things (e.g. bots) and describe what the benefits and the risks might be. I can explain what is meant by fake news e.g. why some people will create stories or alter photographs and put them online to pretend something is true when it isn't.	appropriately and who I can ask if I am not sure. I know what the digital age of consent is and the impact this has on online services asking for consent.	
Year 5	I can explain how identity online can be copied, modified or altered. I can demonstrate how to make responsible choices about having an online identity, depending on context.	I can give examples of technology-specific forms of communication (e.g. emojis, memes and GIFs). I can explain that there are some people I communicate with online who may want to do me or my friends harm. I can recognise that this is not my / our fault. I can describe some of the ways people may be involved in online communities and describe how they might collaborate constructively with others and make positive contributions. (e.g. gaming communities or social media groups). I can explain how someone can get help if they are having problems and identify when to tell a trusted adult.	I can search for information about an individual online and summarise the information found. I can explain the ways in which anyone can develop a positive online reputation.at information about anyone online can be used by others to make judgments about an individual and why these may be incorrect	I can assess and justify when it is acceptable to use the work of others I can give examples of content that is permitted to be reused and know how this content can be found online.	I can recognise online bullying can be different to bullying in the physical world and can describe some of those differences. I can describe how what one person perceives as playful joking and teasing (including 'banter') might be experienced by others as bullying.	I can explain the benefits and limitations of using different types of search technologies e.g. voice-activation search engine. I can explain how some technology can limit the information I am presented with. I can explain what is meant by 'being sceptical'; I can give examples of when and why it is important to be 'sceptical'. I can evaluate digital content and can explain how to make choices about what is trustworthy e.g. differentiating between adverts and search results. I can explain key concepts including: information.	I can explain what a strong password is and demonstrate how to create one. I can explain how many free apps or services may read and share private information (e.g. friends, contacts, likes, images, videos, voice, messages, geolocation) with others. I can explain what app permissions are and can give some examples.	I can describe ways technology can affect health and well-being both positively (e.g. mindfulness apps) and negatively. I can describe some strategies, tips or advice to promote health and wellbeing with regards to technology. I recognise the benefits and risks of accessing information about health and wellbeing online and how we should balance this with talking to trusted

	1	Г			Γ			
		I can demonstrate how to			l can explain	reviews, fact, opinion, belief,		adults and
		support others (including			how anyone	validity, reliability and		professionals.
		those who are having			can get help if	evidence.		
		difficulties) online.			they are being			I can explain how
					bullied online	I can identify ways the		and why some apps
					and identify	internet can draw us to		and games may
					when to tell a	information for different		request or take
					trusted adult.	agendas, e.g. website		payment for
						notifications, pop-ups,		additional content
					I can identify a	targeted ads.		(e.g. in-app
					range of ways			purchases, loot
					to report	I can describe ways of		boxes) and explain
					concerns and	identifying when online		the importance of
					access	content has been		seeking permission
					support both	commercially sponsored or		from a trusted adult
					in school and	boosted, (e.g. by commercial		before purchasing.
					at home about	companies or by vloggers,		before parenasing.
					online	content creators,		
					bullying.	influencers).		
					bullying.	illidelicers).		
					I can explain	I can explain what is meant		
					how to block	by the term 'stereotype',		
					abusive users.	how 'stereotypes' are		
					I can describe	amplified and reinforced		
					the helpline	online, and why accepting		
					services which	'stereotypes' may influence		
					can help	how people think about		
					people 	others.		
					experiencing			
					bullying, and	I can describe how fake		
					how to access	news may affect someone's		
					them (e.g.	emotions and behaviour,		
					Childline or	and explain why this may be		
					The Mix).	harmful.		
						I can explain what is meant		
						by a 'hoax'. I can explain why		
						someone would need to		
						think carefully before they		
						share.		
Year 6	I can identify and	I can explain how sharing	l can explain	<u> </u>	I can describe	I can explain how search	I can describe	I can describe
i cai o	critically	something online may have	the ways in		how to	engines work and how	effective ways	common systems
	evaluate online	an impact either positively	which anyone		capture	results are selected and	people can	that regulate age-
	content relating	or negatively.	can develop a		bullying	ranked.	manage	related content (e.g.
	to gender, race,		' "		content as		passwords (e.g.	PEGI, BBFC,
	.,,,,,,,	<u> </u>		<u> </u>			,	- ,,

 			ı	T	ı	, ,
religion,	I can describe how to be kind	positive online	evidence (e.g	I can explain how to use	storing them	parental warnings)
disability, culture	and show respect for others	reputation.	screen-grab,	search technologies	securely or	and describe their
and other	online including the		URL, profile)	effectively.	saving them in	purpose.
groups, and	importance of respecting	I can explain	to share with	I can describe how some	the browser).	
explain why it is	boundaries regarding what is	strategies	others who	online information can be		I recognise and can
important to	shared about them online	anyone can use	can help me.	opinion and can offer	I can explain	discuss the
challenge and	and how to support them if	to protect their	-	examples.	what to do if a	pressures that
reject	others do not.	'digital	I can explain		password is	technology can
inappropriate		personality'	how someone	I can explain how and why	shared, lost or	place on someone
representations	I can describe how things	and online	would report	some people may present	stolen.	and how / when
online.	shared privately online can	reputation,	online bullying	'opinions' as 'facts'; why the		they could manage
	have unintended	including	in different	popularity of an opinion or	I can describe	this.
I can describe	consequences for others. e.g.	degrees of	contexts.	the personalities of those	how and why	
issues online that	screen-grabs.	anonymity.		promoting it does not	people should	I can recognise
could make		, ,		necessarily make it true, fair	keep their	features of
anyone feel sad,	I can explain that taking or			or perhaps even legal.	software and	persuasive design
worried,	sharing inappropriate				apps up to date,	and how they are
uncomfortable	images of someone (e.g.			I can define the terms	e.g. auto	used to keep users
or frightened. I	embarrassing images), even			'influence', 'manipulation'	updates.	engaged (current
know and can	if they say it is okay, may			and 'persuasion' and explain		and future use).
give examples of	have an impact for the			how someone might	I can describe	,
how to get help,	sharer and others; and who			encounter these online (e.g.	simple ways to	I can assess and
both on and	can help if someone is			advertising and 'ad	increase privacy	action different
offline.	worried about this.			targeting' and targeting for	on apps and	strategies to limit
				fake news).	services that	the impact of
I can explain the					provide privacy	technology on
importance of				I understand the concept of	settings.	health (e.g. night-
asking until I get				persuasive design and how it	J G	shift mode, regular
the help needed.				can be used to influences	I can describe	breaks, correct
				peoples' choices.	ways in which	posture, sleep, diet
					some online	and exercise).
				I can demonstrate how to	content targets	
				analyse and evaluate the	people to gain	
				validity of 'facts' and	money or	
				information and I can	information	
				explain why using these	illegally; I can	
				strategies are important.	describe	
				I can explain how companies	strategies to	
				and news providers target	help me identify	
				people with online news	such content	
				stories they are more likely	(e.g. scams,	
				to engage with and how to	phishing).	
				recognise this.	F5/111/6/	
				. 5550.1156 1115.	I know that	
				I can describe the difference	online services	
				between online	have terms and	
				Detween online	Have terms and	

			misinformation and dis- information.	conditions that govern their use.	
			I can explain why information that is on a large number of sites may still be inaccurate or untrue. I can assess how this might happen (e.g. the sharing of misinformation or disinformation).		
			I can identify, flag and report inappropriate content.		